

ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS

FOR

2016-2021 POLARIS RZR XP TURBO*

*For additional vehicle compatibility, visit www.wilwood.com

**UTV6 REAR BRAKE KIT WITH
11.25" DIAMETER DYNAMIC
MOUNT LUG-DRIVE NON-
VENTED ROTORS**

BASE PART NUMBER

140-17574

OR

**UTV6 REAR RACE BRAKE
KIT WITH 11.25" DIAMETER
DYNAMIC MOUNT LUG-DRIVE
NON-VENTED ROTORS**

BASE PART NUMBER

140-17597

**DISC BRAKES SHOULD ONLY BE INSTALLED BY SOMEONE
EXPERIENCED AND COMPETENT IN THE INSTALLATION AND
MAINTENANCE OF DISC BRAKES
READ ALL WARNINGS**

WARNING

IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE PERSON INSTALLING ANY BRAKE COMPONENT OR KIT TO DETERMINE THE SUITABILITY OF THE COMPONENT OR KIT FOR THAT PARTICULAR APPLICATION. IF YOU ARE NOT SURE HOW TO SAFELY USE THIS BRAKE COMPONENT OR KIT, YOU SHOULD NOT INSTALL OR USE IT. DO NOT ASSUME ANYTHING. IMPROPERLY INSTALLED OR MAINTAINED BRAKES ARE DANGEROUS. IF YOU ARE NOT SURE, GET HELP OR RETURN THE PRODUCT. YOU MAY OBTAIN ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND TECHNICAL SUPPORT BY CALLING WILWOOD AT (805) 388-1188, OR VISIT OUR WEB SITE AT WWW.WILWOOD.COM. USE OF WILWOOD TECHNICAL SUPPORT DOES NOT GUARANTEE PROPER INSTALLATION. YOU, OR THE PERSON WHO DOES THE INSTALLATION MUST KNOW HOW TO PROPERLY USE THIS PRODUCT. IT IS NOT POSSIBLE OVER THE PHONE TO UNDERSTAND OR FORESEE ALL THE ISSUES THAT MIGHT ARISE IN YOUR INSTALLATION.

RACING EQUIPMENT AND BRAKES MUST BE MAINTAINED AND SHOULD BE CHECKED REGULARLY FOR FATIGUE, DAMAGE, AND WEAR.



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WARNING

**DO NOT OPERATE ANY VEHICLE ON UNTESTED BRAKES!
SEE MINIMUM TEST PROCEDURE WITHIN**

ALWAYS UTILIZE SAFETY RESTRAINT SYSTEMS AND ALL OTHER AVAILABLE SAFETY EQUIPMENT WHILE OPERATING THE VEHICLE

IMPORTANT • READ THE DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTY INCLUDED IN THE KIT

NOTE: Some cleaners may stain or remove the finish on brake system components. Test the cleaner on a hidden portion of the component before general use.

Important Notice - Read This First

Wilwood Disc Brake components and complete brake kits are designed for factory, un-modified vehicles, as a direct bolt-on system with little or no alterations to be made to factory component designs. When adding aftermarket components such as hubs, spindles/uprights, suspension, brake lines and wheels, fitment of the Wilwood components must be verified by the installer through the full range articulation of the suspension. Failure to do so may result in damage to the vehicle and/or the Wilwood Disc Brake kit.

Before any tear-down or disassembly begins, review the following information:

- **Important:** This Wilwood brake kit is designed to work with stock OEM wheel studs. The use of aftermarket wheel studs may not work with this kit.
- Review the wheel clearance diagram (Figure 2, page 3) to verify that there is adequate clearance with the wheels you will be using with the installation.
- This brake kit does not include flexlines.
- Due to OEM production differences and other variations from vehicle to vehicle, the fastener hardware and other components in this kit may not be suitable for a specific application or vehicle.
- It is the responsibility of the purchaser and installer of this kit to verify suitability / fitment of all components and ensure all fasteners and hardware achieve complete and proper engagement. Improper or inadequate engagement can lead to component failure.

Exploded Assembly Diagram

WARNING
INSTALLATION OF THIS KIT SHOULD **ONLY** BE PERFORMED BY PERSONS EXPERIENCED IN THE INSTALLATION AND PROPER OPERATION OF DISC BRAKE SYSTEMS.

NOTE
SPECIFIC PARTS MAY VARY FROM DIAGRAM

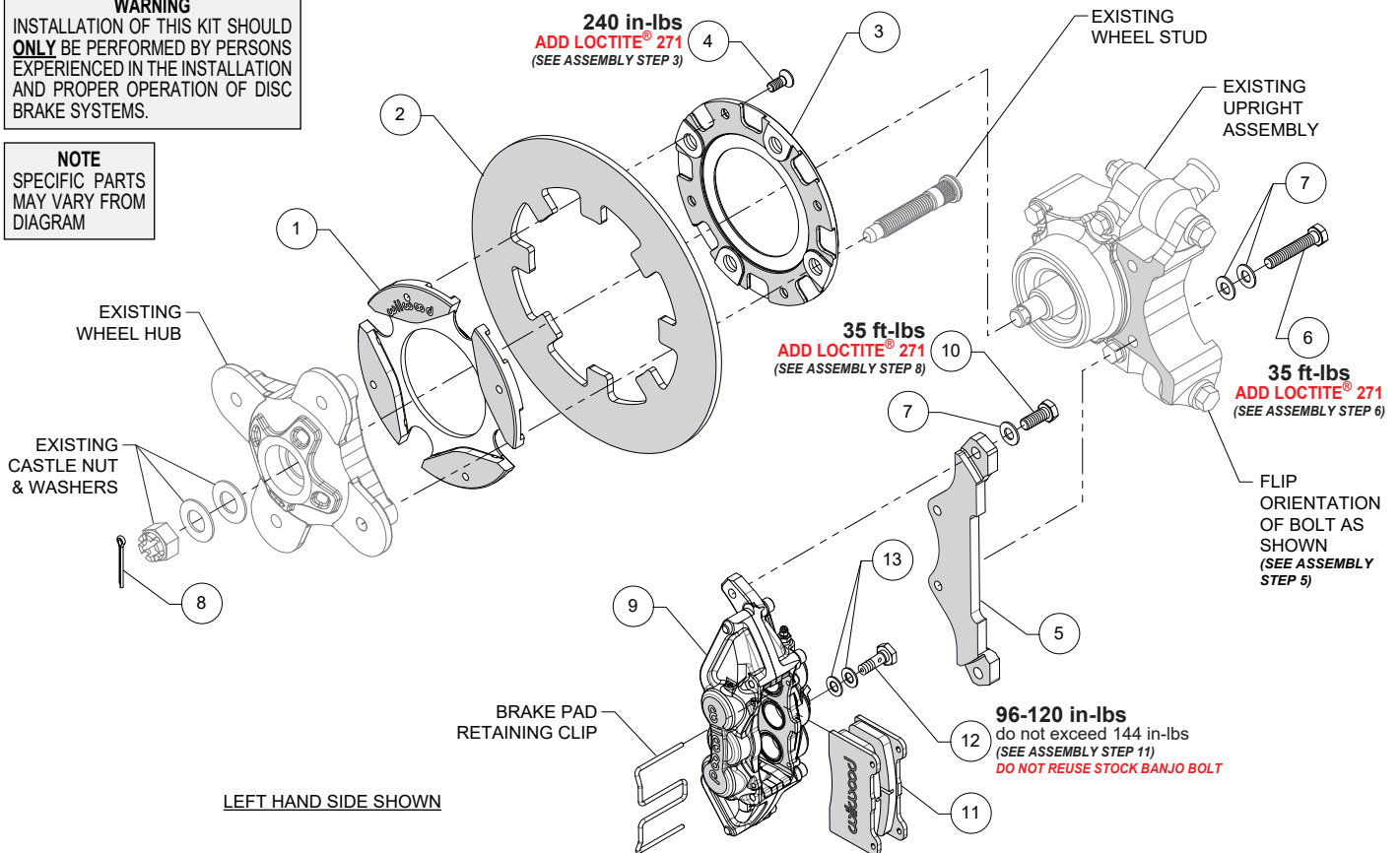


Figure 1. Typical Installation Configuration

Parts List

ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	300-17576	Adapter, Rotor, 4 x 6.14" Bolt Circle	2
2	160-16515	Rotor, .25" Thk x 11.25" Diameter, Dynamic Mount, 8-Lug	2
2A	160-16979	Rotor, SRP Drilled	2
3	300-17577	Adapter Ring, 4 x 6.14" Bolt Circle	2
4	230-16773	Bolt, M8-1.25 x 20mm	8
5	250-17575	Bracket, Caliper Mounting	2
6	230-16713	Bolt, M10-1.50 x 55mm, Flat Head	4
7	240-17663	Washer, 10mm I.D. x 18mm O.D. x 1.6mm Thick	12
8	180-15902	Cotter Pin	2
9	120-17646-BK	Caliper, UTV6, Black, included with p/n 140-17574	2
9	120-17646	Caliper, UTV6, Anodized, included with p/n 140-17597	2
9A	120-17646-RD	Caliper, UTV6, Red, option for p/n 140-17574	2
10	230-12856	Bolt, M10-1.50 x 25mm, Hex Head	4
11	150-9136K	Pad, BP-10 Compound, Axle Set, included with p/n 140-17574	1
11	15E-9837K	Pad, PolyMatrix Compound E, Axle Set, included with p/n 140-17597	1
12	230-16715	Bolt, Banjo, M10-1.25 x 20mm	2
13	240-5227	Washer, Copper, Crush, .406" I.D. x .625" O.D. x .063" Thick	4

NOTES:

Part Number 230-16721 Adapter Ring Bolt Kit, includes p/n 230-16773

Part Number 230-16776 Bracket Mounting Bolt Kit, includes p/ns 230-16713, 240-17663, and 240-6267 (not used)

Part Number 230-16777 Bracket Mounting Bolt Kit, includes p/ns 230-12856 and 240-17663

Item 2A is an optional item and is included in the "-D" drilled rotor kits. Add "-D" to end of kit part number when ordering

Item 9A is an optional item and is included with the "-R" red caliper kits. Add "-R" to the end of the part number when ordering

Photographic Tip

Important and highly recommended: Take photos of brake system before disassembly and during the disassembly process. In the event, trouble-shooting photos can be life savers. Many vehicles have undocumented variations, photos will make it much simpler for Wilwood to assist you if you have a problem.

General Information

•*Installation of this kit should **ONLY** be performed by persons experienced in the installation and proper operation of disc brake systems.* Before assembling this Wilwood disc brake kit, double check the following to ensure a trouble free installation:

Inspect the contents of this kit against the parts list to ensure that all components and hardware are included.

Make sure this is the correct kit to fit the exact make and model year of your vehicle. This rear kit is designed for direct bolt-on installation to 2016-2021 model year Polaris RZR XP Turbo.

Verify your wheel clearance using Figure 2.

Verify that the existing OEM wheel hub bolt pattern match those of the Wilwood rotor adapter.

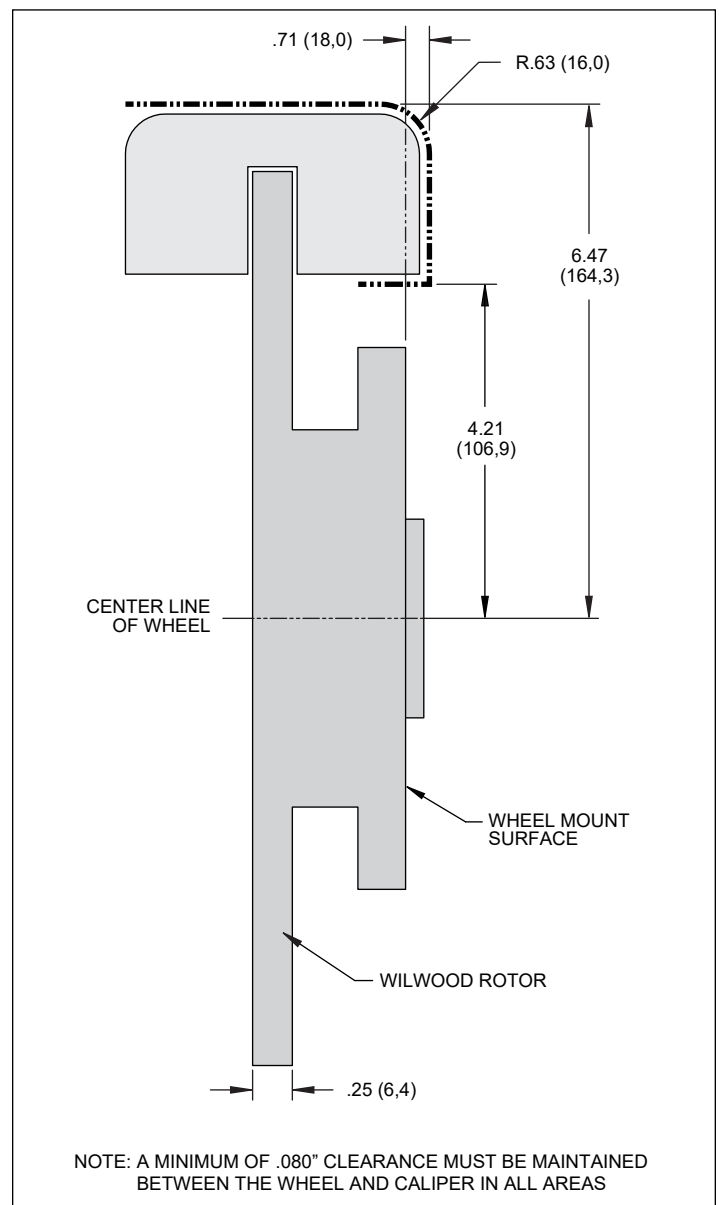


Figure 2. Wheel Clearance Diagram

Disassembly Instructions

- Disassemble the original equipment rear brakes:

Raise the rear wheels off the ground and support the rear suspension according to the vehicle manufacturer's instructions.

Remove the rear wheels, calipers, wheel hubs, and rotors.

- Remove any nicks or burrs on the wheel hub and upright that may interfere with the installation of the new brake components.

- Clean and de-grease the wheel hub, and upright.

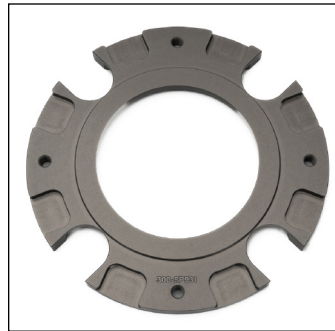


Photo 1

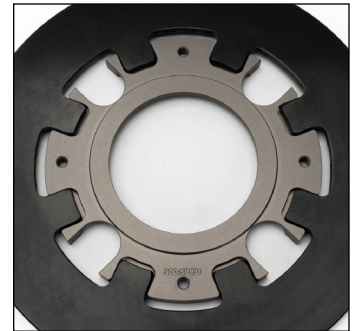


Photo 2

Assembly Instructions

NOTE: Numbers in parenthesis refer to the parts list and Figure 1 on the preceding pages.

STEP 1 Press the OEM wheel studs from the wheel hub. **IMPORTANT:** Wheel studs will be reused in the following steps. This Wilwood brake kit is designed to work with stock OEM wheel studs. The use of aftermarket wheel studs may not work with this kit.

STEP 2 Place the rotor adapter face down (1) as shown in Photo 1. Position the rotor (2) onto the rotor adapter (1), making sure the rotor lugs fit into the recesses of the rotor adapter, Photo 2, Figure 1.

STEP 3 Secure rotor to the rotor adapter using adapter ring (3) and bolts (4), Photo 3. Apply red *Loctite*® 271 to the bolt threads (4), and torque to value shown in Figure 1.

STEP 4 Place the existing OEM wheel hub face down and position the rotor assembly (1, 2, 3, 4) onto the wheel hub as shown in Figure 1. **NOTE:** The existing wheel hub must be free of dirt and debris or excessive rotor run out may result. Press the OEM wheel studs back in through the rotor lock ring and OEM wheel hub as shown in Figure 1.

STEP 5 **NOTE:** This step is required for proper installation and clearance of caliper mounting bracket. Remove the lower suspension link rod bolt, nut, and washer from upright and reinstall so head of bolt is now at backside of vehicle as shown in Photo 4. Torque nut to OEM specification.

STEP 6 Orient the caliper mounting bracket (5), as shown in Figure 1 and Photo 4. Install using bolts (6) and washers (7). Use two washers (7) on each bolt, Photo 4. **NOTE:** The end of each bolt (6) must be flush with or slightly protruding the surface of the caliper bracket. Ensure there is adequate clearance between end of bolt and rotor adapter ring. Apply red *Loctite*® 271 to the bolt threads (6), and torque to value shown in Figure 1.

STEP 7 Grease the splines and outer snout of the existing wheel hub and slide the wheel hub/rotor assembly onto the axle, Photo 5. Attach using the existing OEM washers and castle nut, Figure 1. Tighten to OEM specifications and secure using cotter pin (8), Photo 6.



Photo 3

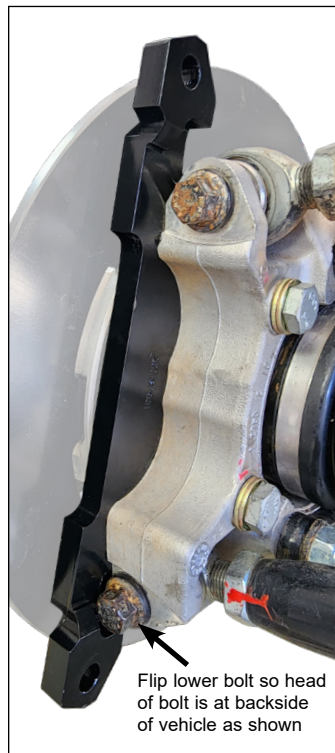


Photo 4

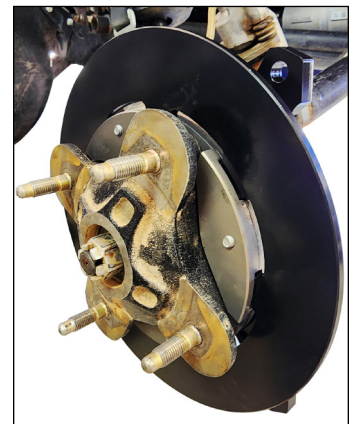


Photo 5



Photo 6

Assembly Instructions (Continued)

STEP 8 Secure the caliper (9) to mounting bracket (5) using bolts (10) and washers (7), Photo 7. Apply red *Loctite*® 271 to the bolt threads (10), and torque to value shown in Figure 1.

STEP 9 Remove the pad retainer clip from the caliper (9). Insert the brake pads (11) into the caliper with the friction material facing the rotor, as shown in Photo 8. Reinstall the pad retainer clip, Photo 9.

STEP 10 Temporarily install the wheel and torque the lug nuts to the manufacturer's specification. Ensure that the wheel rotates freely without any interference. Remove wheel for next step.

•**NOTE:** *The caliper in this brake kit utilizes a 10mm x 1.25 thread fluid inlet, NOT the same as the Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) caliper thread inlet (10mm x 1.00). The new banjo bolt supplied with this kit must be used.*

STEP 11 Attach brake line to caliper. Orient brake line as shown in Photo 9 and connect to caliper using banjo bolt (12) and crush washers (13). Do not use lubricant or thread sealant on banjo bolt (12). Torque to minimum value shown in Figure 1. Check for leakage, increasing torque only to stop leakage without exceeding maximum specification. Replace crush washers and banjo bolt whenever reassembly is required. **Ensure hoses are routed to prevent contact with moving suspension, brake or wheel components.**

•**CAUTION:** *In absence of specific instructions for brake line routing, the installer must use his best professional judgment on correct routing and retention of lines to ensure safe operation. It is the installer's responsibility to properly route and provide adequate clearance and retention for brake hose components. It is also the installer's responsibility to ensure that all fittings and hoses are the correct size and length, properly seal, and that they will not be subject to crimping, strain and abrasion from vibration or interference with suspension components, brake rotor or wheel.*

STEP 12 Bleed the brake system, referring to the '**Additional Information and Recommendations**' on page 6 for proper bleeding instructions. Check system for leaks after bleeding.

STEP 13 Install the wheel and torque the lug nuts to manufacturer's specifications.

•**CAUTION:** Test vehicle brake system per the '**Minimum Test Procedure**' stated within this document before driving. After road testing, inspect for leaks and interference. Initially after install and testing, perform frequent checks of the vehicle brake system and lines before driving, to confirm that there is no undue wear or interference not apparent from the initial test. Afterwards, perform periodic inspections for function, leaks and wear in a interval relative to the usage of vehicle.

STEP 14 Bed-in the brake pads per the procedure on page 7.



Photo 7



Photo 8

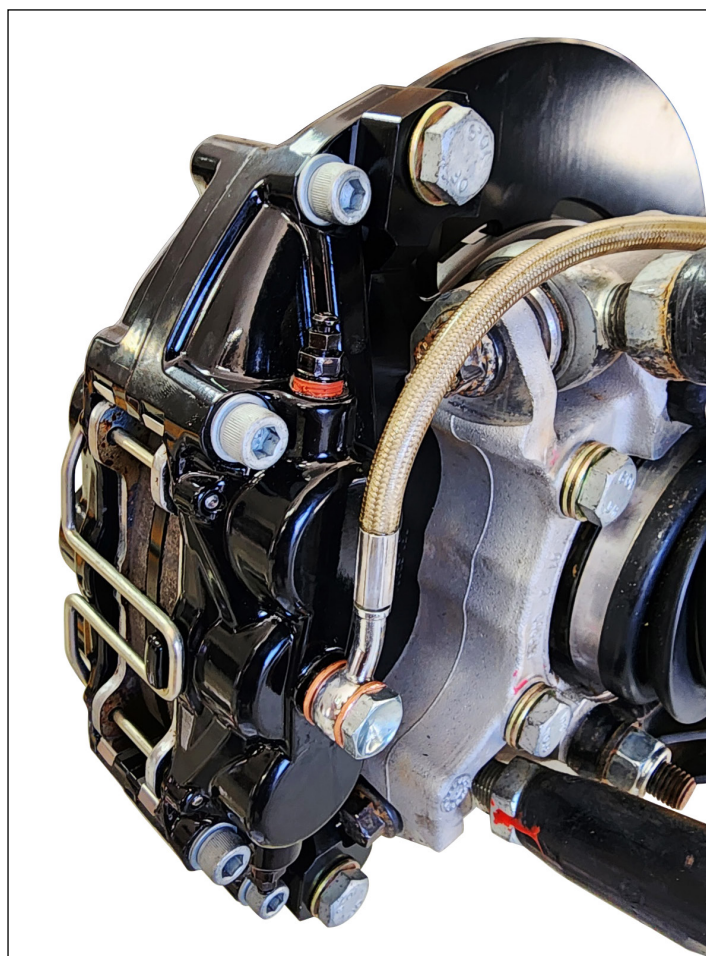


Photo 9

Additional Information and Recommendations

•First, reference the manufacturer's service manual for the proper flushing and bleeding procedures for your vehicle, and then consult the additional information and recommendations below for proper bleeding instructions.

•Please read the following concerning balancing the brake bias on 4 wheel disc vehicles.

This Polaris RZR UTV kit can be operated using the stock OEM master cylinder. However, as with most suspension and tire modifications (from OEM specifications), changing the brakes may alter the front to rear brake bias. Rear brakes should not lock up before the front. Brake system evaluation and tests should be performed by persons experienced in the installation and proper operation of brake systems. Evaluation and tests should be performed under controlled conditions. Start by making several stops from low speeds then gradually work up to higher speeds. Always utilize safety restraint systems while operating vehicle.

•For optimum performance, fill and bleed the new system with Wilwood Hi-Temp° 570 grade fluid, EXP 600 Plus, or XR Race-Only brake fluid. For severe braking or sustained high heat operation, use Wilwood EXP 600 Plus Racing Brake Fluid. For extreme braking temperatures of endurance racing, use Wilwood XR Race-Only Brake Fluid (not DOT approved, off-highway use only). Used fluid must be completely flushed from the system to prevent contamination. **NOTE: Silicone DOT 5 brake fluid is NOT recommended for racing or performance driving.**

•To properly bleed the brake system, begin with the caliper farthest from the master cylinder. Bleed the outboard bleed screw first, then the inboard. Repeat the procedure until all calipers in the system are bled, ending with the caliper closest to the master cylinder. **NOTE: When using a new master cylinder, it is important to bench bleed the master cylinder first.**

•Test the brake pedal. It should be firm, not spongy and stop at least 1 inch from the floor under heavy load.

If the brake pedal is spongy, bleed the system again.

If the brake pedal is initially firm, but then sinks to the floor, check the system for fluid leaks. Correct the leaks (if applicable) and then bleed the system again.

If the brake pedal goes to the floor and continued bleeding of the system does not correct the problem, a master cylinder with increased capacity (larger bore diameter) may be required. Wilwood offers various lightweight master cylinders with large fluid displacement capacities.

•**NOTE: With the installation of after market disc brakes, the wheel track may change depending on the application. Check your wheel offset before final assembly.**

Brake Testing

WARNING • DO NOT DRIVE ON UNTESTED BRAKES BRAKES MUST BE TESTED AFTER INSTALLATION OR MAINTENANCE MINIMUM TEST PROCEDURE

- Make sure pedal is firm: Hold firm pressure on pedal for several minutes, it should remain in position without sinking. If pedal sinks toward floor, check system for fluid leaks. DO NOT drive vehicle if pedal does not stay firm or can be pushed to the floor with normal pressure.
- At very low speed (2-5 mph) apply brakes hard several times while turning steering from full left to full right, repeat several times. Remove the wheels and check that components are not touching, rubbing, or leaking.
- Carefully examine all brake components, brake lines, and fittings for leaks and interference.
- Make sure there is no interference with wheels or suspension components.
- Drive vehicle at low speed (15-20 mph) making moderate and hard stops. Brakes should feel normal and positive. Again check for leaks and interference.
- Always test vehicle in a safe place where there is no danger to (or from) other people or vehicles.
- Always wear seat belts and make use of all safety equipment.

Pad and Rotor Bedding

BEDDING STEPS FOR NEW PADS AND ROTORS – ALL COMPOUNDS

Once the brake system has been tested and determined safe to operate the vehicle, follow these steps for the bedding of all new pad materials and rotors. These procedures should only be performed on a race track, or other safe location where you can safely and legally obtain speeds up to 65 MPH, while also being able to rapidly decelerate.

- Begin with a series of light decelerations to gradually build some heat in the brakes. Use an on-and-off the pedal technique by applying the brakes for 3-5 seconds, and then allow them to fully release for a period roughly twice as long as the deceleration cycle. If you use a 5 count during the deceleration interval, use a 10 count during the release to allow the heat to sink into the pads and rotors.
- After several cycles of light stops to begin warming the brakes, proceed with a series of medium to firm deceleration stops to continue raising the temperature level in the brakes.
- Finish the bedding cycle with a series of 8-10 hard decelerations from 55-65 MPH down to 25 MPH while allowing a proportionate release and heat-sinking interval between each stop. The pads should now be providing positive and consistent response.
- If any amount of brake fade is observed during the bed-in cycle, immediately begin the cool down cycle.
- Drive at a moderate cruising speed, with the least amount of brake contact possible, until most of the heat has dissipated from the brakes. Avoid sitting stopped with the brake pedal depressed to hold the car in place during this time. Park the vehicle and allow the brakes to cool to ambient air temperature.

COMPETITION VEHICLES

- If your race car is equipped with brake cooling ducts, blocking them will allow the pads and rotors to warm up quicker and speed up the bedding process.
- Temperature indicating paint on the rotor and pad edges can provide valuable data regarding observed temperatures during the bedding process and subsequent on-track sessions. This information can be highly beneficial when evaluating pad compounds and cooling efficiencies.

POST-BEDDING INSPECTION – ALL VEHICLES

- After the bedding cycle, the rotors should exhibit a uniformly burnished finish across the entire contact face. Any surface irregularities that appear as smearing or splotching on the rotor faces can be an indication that the brakes were brought up to temperature too quickly during the bedding cycle. If the smear doesn't blend away after the next run-in cycle, or if chatter under braking results, sanding or resurfacing the rotors will be required to restore a uniform surface for pad contact.

PRE-RACE WARM UP

- Always make every effort to get heat into the brakes prior to each event. Use an on-and-off the pedal practice to warm the brakes during the trip to the staging zone, during parade laps before the flag drops, and every other opportunity in an effort to build heat in the pads and rotors. This will help to ensure best consistency, performance, and durability from your brakes.

DYNO BEDDED COMPETITION PADS AND ROTORS

- Getting track time for a proper pad and rotor bedding session can be difficult. Wilwood offers factory dyno-bedded pads and rotors on many of our popular competition pads and **Spec 37** GT series rotors. Dyno-bedded parts are ready to race on their first warm up cycle. This can save valuable time and effort when on-track time is either too valuable or not available at all, Dyno-bedding assures that your pads and rotors have been properly run-in and are ready to go. Contact your dealer or the factory for more information on Wilwood Dyno-Bedding services.

NOTE: NEVER allow the contact surfaces of the pads or rotors to be contaminated with brake fluid. Always use a catch bottle with a hose to prevent fluid spill during all brake bleeding procedures.

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Associated Components

<u>PART NO.</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
290-0632	Wilwood Racing Brake Fluid (Hi-Temp° 570) (12 oz)
290-6209	Wilwood Racing Brake Fluid (EXP 600 Plus) (16.9 oz)
260-16018	Wilwood Brake Bleed Bottle, with Tubing
220-0627	Wilwood Bleed Screw Kit, 1/8-27 Fitting Size, 4 Pack
150-9136K	BP-10 Performance Racing Brake Pads • Baseline Pad for Track Oriented UTVs
15E-9837K	PolyMatrix, Compound E Performance Racing Brake Pads
300-16565	Brake Pad Retainer Clip
300-10828	Caliper Wear Plate, Stainless, Right Hand
300-10829	Caliper Wear Plate, Stainless, Left Hand