#### **ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS**

**FOR** 

#### 12 BOLT CHEVY\*

\*For additional vehicle compatibility, visit www.wilwood.com

# SUPERLITE/EPB (ELECTRONIC PARKING BRAKE) REAR PARKING BRAKE KIT WITH 12.88" DIAMETER VENTED ROTOR (2.75 OFFSET)

BASE PART NUMBER

140-16165

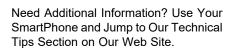
# DISC BRAKES SHOULD ONLY BE INSTALLED BY SOMEONE EXPERIENCED AND COMPETENT IN THE INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE OF DISC BRAKES READ ALL WARNINGS

#### WARNING

IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE PERSON INSTALLING ANY BRAKE COMPONENT OR KIT TO DETERMINE THE SUITABILITY OF THE COMPONENT OR KIT FOR THAT PARTICULAR APPLICATION. IF YOU ARE NOT SURE HOW TO SAFELY USE THIS BRAKE COMPONENT OR KIT, YOU SHOULD NOT INSTALL OR USE IT. DO NOT ASSUME ANYTHING. IMPROPERLY INSTALLED OR MAINTAINED BRAKES ARE DANGEROUS. IF YOU ARE NOT SURE, GET HELP OR RETURN THE PRODUCT. YOU MAY OBTAIN ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND TECHNICAL SUPPORT BY CALLING WILWOOD AT (805) 388-1188, OR VISIT OUR WEB SITE AT WWW.WILWOOD.COM. USE OF WILWOOD TECHNICAL SUPPORT DOES NOT GUARANTEE PROPER INSTALLATION. YOU, OR THE PERSON WHO DOES THE INSTALLATION MUST KNOW HOW TO PROPERLY USE THIS PRODUCT. IT IS NOT POSSIBLE OVER THE PHONE TO UNDERSTAND OR FORESEE ALL THE ISSUES THAT MIGHT ARISE IN YOUR INSTALLATION.

RACING EQUIPMENT AND BRAKES MUST BE MAINTAINED AND SHOULD BE CHECKED REGULARLY FOR FATIGUE, DAMAGE, AND WEAR.







#### **WARNING**

### DO NOT OPERATE ANY VEHICLE ON UNTESTED BRAKES! SEE MINIMUM TEST PROCEDURE WITHIN

ALWAYS UTILIZE SAFETY RESTRAINT SYSTEMS AND ALL OTHER AVAILABLE SAFETY EQUIPMENT WHILE OPERATING THE VEHICLE

IMPORTANT • READ THE DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTY INCLUDED IN THE KIT

NOTE: Some cleaners may stain or remove the finish on brake system components. Test the cleaner on a hidden portion of the component before general use.

#### **Important Notice - Read This First**

Before any tear-down or disassembly begins, review the following information:

- Warning: This electronic parking brake system is intended to function as a parking brake and not as an emergency stop brake. However, it is possible to actuate the EPB at any time and speed. Actuating the EPB while the vehicle is moving may cause the rear wheels to lock up and skid which may lead to a reduction in vehicle control.
- Review the Wheel Clearance Diagram (Figure 3, page 4) to verify that there is adequate clearance with the wheels you will be using with the installation.
- For the Electronic Parking Brake wiring instructions, see DS-1353 included with this kit, or download at www.wilwood.com/PDF/DataSheets/ds1353.pdf
- This brake kit is not supplied with hydraulic lines or fittings and may require the purchase of additional lines or fittings to complete the installation. Wilwood offers an extensive listing of brake lines and fittings on our web site: <a href="https://www.wilwood.com">www.wilwood.com</a>.
- Due to OEM production differences and other variations from vehicle to vehicle, the fastener hardware and other components in this kit may not be suitable for a specific application or vehicle.
- It is the responsibility of the purchaser and installer of this kit to verify suitability / fitment of all components and ensure all fasteners and hardware achieve complete and proper engagement. Improper or inadequate engagement can lead to component failure.

#### Photographic Tip

Parts List

**Important** and highly recommended: Take photos of brake system before disassembly and during the disassembly process. In the event, trouble-shooting photos can be life savers. Many vehicles have undocumented variations, photos will make it much simpler for Wilwood to assist you if you have a problem.

<u>ITEM NO.</u>	<u>PART NO.</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>QTY</u>
1	250-16168	Backing Plate	2
2 3	250-15853	Bracket, Mounting, Service Caliper	2
3	230-10022	Bolt, 3/8-16 x 1.50" Long, Hex Head	4
4	240-10190	Washer, .391" I.D. x .625" O.D. x .063" Thick	4
5 6	240-1159	Shim, .035" Thick	16
<u>6</u>	240-10306	Shim, .016" Thick	4
7	250-15851	Bracket, Mounting, EPB Caliper	2
8 9	230-10331	Bolt, 3/8-16 x 1.75" Long, Hex Head	4
9	240-10190	Washer, .391" I.D. x .625" O.D. x .063" Thick	4
10 11	300-16065 300-11337	Spacer, .525" Long Adapter, Rotor Registration	2
12	160-12961/62-GTB	Rotor, GT, 1.10" x 12.88" Dia, 12 x 8.75" Bolt Circle (one each, right and left)	2 2 2
12A	160-13543/44-BK	Rotor, Black, SRP Drilled and Slotted (one each, right and left)	2
13	170-15860	Hat, 5 x 4.50"/4.75"/5.00", 2.035" Offset, 12 x 8.75" Bolt Circle	2
14	230-8037	Bolt, 1/4-20 x .75" Long, 12 Point	24
15	240-11240	Washer, .265" I.D. x .500" O.D. x .063" Thick	24
16	120-11782-BK	Caliper, Forged Superlite, Black	2
16A	120-11782-RD	Caliper, Forged Superlite, Red	2
17	230-16550	Nut, 3/8-24, Self-Locking, 6 Point	4
18	240-10190	Washer, .391" I.D. x .625" O.D. x .063" Thick	4
19	230-9078	Stud, 3/8-16 x 3/8-24 x 2.50" Long (pre installed in bracket)	4
20	240-1159	Shim, .035" Thick	16
21	150-8855K	Pad, BP-10 Compound, Axle Set	1
22	120-15702/03-BK	Caliper, EPB, Black (right and left hand)	2
22A	120-15702/03-RD	Caliper, EPB, Red (right and left hand)	2
23 24	230-15836 240-10190	Bolt, 3/8-24 x .875" Long, Hex Head Washer, .391" I.D. x .625" O.D. x .063" Thick	4
2 <del>4</del> 25	300-15936	Switch, EPB, with Pigtail (not shown)	1
26 26	610-15588	EPB Wiring Harness, Universal (not shown)	1
20	010-10000	EDB O while I lait (a t a la com)	,

NOTES: Part Number 230-8008, Rotor Bolt Kit, includes P/N's 230-8037 and 240-11240

620-15487

Part Number 230-10312, Superlite Caliper Bracket Mounting Bolt Kit, includes P/N's 230-10022, 240-1159, 240-10190 & 240-10306 Part Number 230-15861, EPB Caliper Mounting Bolt Kit, includes P/N's 230-15836 and 240-10190

Part Number 230-15862, EPB Caliper Bracket Mounting Bolt Kit, includes P/N's 230-10331, 240-10190 and 300-16065

EPB Control Unit (not shown)

Part Number 250-15854, Superlite Caliper Bracket Kit, includes P/N's 230-9078, 230-16550, 240-1159, 240-10190 & 250-15853 Item 12A is an optional item and is included in the "-D" drilled rotor kits. Add "-D" to end of part number when ordering. Items 16A and 22A are optional items and included in the "-R" red caliper kits. Add "-R" to end of part number when ordering.

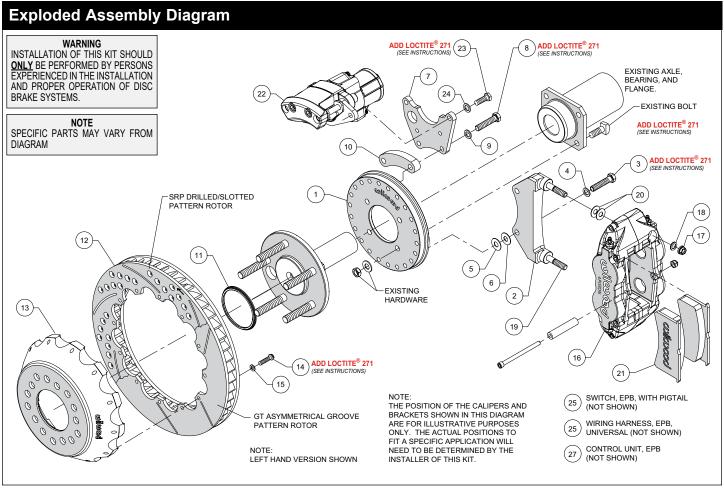


Figure 1. Typical Installation Configuration

#### **General Information**

- Installation of this kit should ONLY be performed by persons experienced in the installation and proper operation of disc brake systems. Before assembling this Wilwood disc brake kit, double check the following to ensure a trouble free installation.
  - •Inspect the contents of this kit against the parts list to ensure that all components and hardware are included.
  - •Make sure this is the correct kit to fit the axle housing flange, not necessarily the rear end make. Many times aftermarket manufacturers

This kit includes a 3.06" center I.D. hat or rotor assembly and a 2.80" hub register adapter ring to accommodate the installation of this kit on axles of either dimension. For axles with different center register diameters, please consult the table below for optional adapter ring sizes.

		J
PART NO.	REGISTER I.D.	NOTE
NO ADAPTER USED	3.06"	ROTOR CENTER HOLE I.D.
300-13328	2.88"	OPTIONAL
300-11732	2.86"	OPTIONAL
300-11962	2.84"	OPTIONAL
300-11338	2.82"	OPTIONAL
300-11337	2.80"	SUPPLIED WITH KIT
300-13506	2.79"	OPTIONAL
300-11532	2.78"	OPTIONAL
300-16434	2.75"	OPTIONAL
300-11803	2.52"	OPTIONAL
300-11901	2.50"	OPTIONAL
300-12761	2.44"	OPTIONAL
300-11653	2.18"	OPTIONAL
300-11339	2 00"	OPTIONAL (Machine to fit LD.)

Table 1. Center Register Adapters

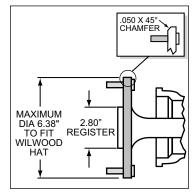


Figure 2. Axle Flange Maximum Dimension

put a different make of axle housing flange on the stock rear end housing (Figure 5). Example; Big Ford rear ends with Olds-Pontiac flanges, therefore, an Olds-Pontiac rear disc brake kit would be the correct kit to order.

•Verify your wheel clearance using Figure 3.

#### General Information (Continued) and Disassembly Instructions

#### •Verify The Following Measurements Before Assembly.

- Axle housing flange registration diameter, 2.72".
- Axle housing flange mounting pattern to pattern in bracket.
- Stud pattern on axle flange to stud pattern in hat.
- Axle center register diameter is 2.80", Figure 2. This kit uses Wilwood's removable center register adapters. Rotors can either be centered on the axle register, i.e. register-centric or centered on the wheel studs, i.e. studcentric. Due to variations in wheel stud final diameters, register-centric centering can be a more accurate method of centering the rotor to the axle. Wilwood offers various diameter adapters for purchase in addition to the ones supplied in this kit, see Table 1.
- Dimension from wheel side of axle flange to wheel side of axle housing flange (see Figure 5, lower right hand corner). This dimension is critical to ensure proper alignment of the rotor to the caliper, and should match offset given in the kit description.
- The Wilwood hat utilized in this kit is drilled for 1/2" diameter wheel studs. **NOTE:** Some OEM axles have 7/16" (0.44") wheel axle studs. It is recommended that you upgrade to 1/2" studs. Dependent on the type of axle, this may be a simple stud change, or may require the services of a machine shop to perform.
- Maximum axle flange diameter must be no larger than 6.38" w/.050" x  $45^{\circ}$  chamfer, Figure 2.

# CALIPER CALIPER T.68 (195,1) CENTER LINE OF WHEEL WILWOOD ROTOR WHEEL MOUNT SURFACE WILWOOD ROTOR WHEEL MOUNT SURFACE NOTE: A MINIMUM OF .080° CLEARANCE MUST BE MAINTAINED BETWEEN THE WHEEL AND CALIPER IN ALL AREAS

Figure 3. Wheel Clearance Diagram

#### **Disassembly Instructions:**

•Disassemble the original equipment rear brakes:

Raise the rear wheels off the ground and support the rear suspension according to the vehicle manufacturer's instructions.

Remove the rear wheels and disassemble the drum brake assembly down to the bare axle. Remove axle shaft from axle housing.

- Remove any nicks or burrs on the axle housing flange, as well as the axle flange, that may interfere with the installation of the new brake components.
- Clean and de-grease the axle, the axle housing flange, and saved hardware.

#### Assembly Instructions

**NOTE:** Numbers in parenthesis refer to the parts list and Figure 1 on the preceding pages.

- •Orient the backing plate (1) as shown in Figure 1 and Photo 1, and mount it to the axle housing flange using the Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) bolts, washers and nuts, Figure 1. Ensure the backing plate fits flush against the axle housing flange. Apply red *Loctite*® 271 to the OEM bolt threads and torque to OEM specifications.
- •Install the axle shaft into the axle housing.



Photo 1

#### **Determining Caliper Mounting Locations**

- •This brake kit allows the service caliper and EPB caliper to be mounted in dozens of position combinations around the axle to best suit each individual application. **NOTE:** The position of the calipers and brackets in these photos are for illustrative purposes only. The actual positions to fit a specific application will need to be determined by the installer of this kit.
- •NOTE: It is the installers responsibility to ensure the calipers have sufficient clearance to all surrounding components through the <u>full range of suspension travel</u>. Examples of components that may interfere with the calipers include shocks, springs, frame rails, traction bars, sway bars, etc.
- •Initial test fitting to determine caliper locations should be done with clean, dry threads on the bracket and caliper mounting bolts. Later, after the location and alignment of the calipers has been checked, the mount bolts will be secured using red *Loctite*® 271.

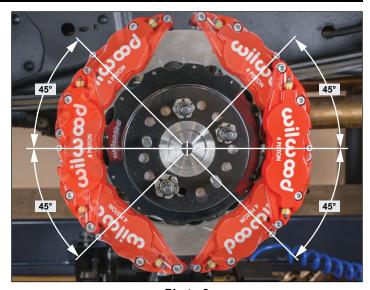
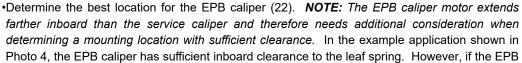


Photo 2

•Start by determining the best location for the service caliper (16). This caliper is usually mounted in the 3:00 or 9:00 o'clock position, but may be rotated up or down approximately 45 degrees and still allow for proper bleeding, Photo 2. Orient the service caliper bracket (2) as shown in Figure 1 and Photo 3, and install to the backing plate (1) in the desired location using bolts (3) and washers (4). Temporarily tighten bolts. Next, mount the service caliper onto the bracket. Mount the service caliper using lock nuts (17) and washers (18), Figure 1. Temporarily tighten the lock nuts. Check that the caliper (including inlet fitting and hose) has sufficient clearance to all surrounding components through the full suspension travel. Relocate the caliper/bracket on the backing plate as needed to ensure proper clearance is achieved.

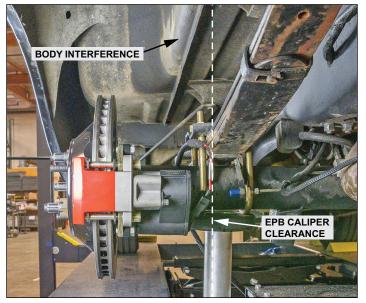


caliper were mounted closer to the 12:00 o'clock position, the inner body of the vehicle would hit the caliper during full compression of the suspension.

•Orient the EPB caliper bracket (7) as shown in Figure 1 and Photo 5, and install to the backing plate (1) in the desired location using bolts (8), washers (9), and spacer (10). Temporarily tighten bolts. NOTE: The EPB bracket is reversible. In one direction the bracket will position the EPB caliper closer to the service caliper, and vice versa if reversing the bracket. Next, mount the EPB caliper (22) to the bracket using bolts (23) and washers (24). Temporarily tighten bolts. NOTE: EPB calipers are Left and Right handed, however they can be used on either side of the vehicle to best suit your specific application. Check that the EPB caliper (including wiring harness connector) has sufficient clearance to all surrounding components through the full suspension travel. Relocate the EPB caliper/bracket on the backing plate as needed to ensure proper clearance is achieved.



Photo 3



**Photo 4 (Example Application Shown)** 

#### **Assembly Instructions Continued**

- •Once the caliper positions have been determined, remove both the service (16) and EPB (22) calipers, leaving both brackets in place on the backing plate. For the EPB bracket, remove the bolts one at a time, apply red *Loctite*® 271 to the threads, and torque to 35 ft-lb. The service caliper bracket will be final installed after shimming is determined.
- •Orient the rotor (12) and the hat (13) as shown in Figure 1 and Photo 6. Attach rotor to hat using bolts (14) and washers (15). Apply red *Loctite®* 271 to the bolt threads and torque to 155 **in-lb** using a criss-cross pattern. For an added measure of security, the bolts may be safety wired using standard 0.032 inch diameter stainless steel safety wire as shown in Figure 4. Please refer to Wilwood's data sheet DS-386 (available at <a href="https://www.wilwood.com/Pdf/DataSheets/ds386.pdf">www.wilwood.com/Pdf/DataSheets/ds386.pdf</a>) for complete safety wire installation instructions.
- •Slide the rotor registration adapter (11) onto the register on the axle flange with the smaller O.D. facing toward the rotor/hat (12 and 13), Photo 7.
- •Slide the hat/rotor (13 and 12) assembly onto the axle flange. **NOTE:** The hat must fit flush against the axle flange or excessive rotor run out may result. Install three lug nuts (finger tight) to keep the rotor/hat assembly in place while continuing with the installation. **NOTE:** Some OEM and after market axles come with stud sizes larger than 0.50" diameter. Verify stud size and have a qualified machine shop drill the bolt circle of the hat/rotor to the correct stud size, if necessary.
- •Initially place two .035" thick shims (20) on each stud of the service caliper bracket (2), as shown in Figure 1 and Photo 8. Mount the caliper onto the bracket using lock nuts (17) and washers (18), Figure 1. Temporarily tighten the lock nuts and view the rotor through the top opening of the caliper. The rotor should be centered in the caliper, Photo 9. If not, adjust by adding or subtracting shims (5 and/or 6) between the service caliper bracket (2) and the backing plate (1). Always use the same amount of shims on each of the two mounting bolts. Once the caliper alignment is correct, remove the bracket mounting bolts (3) one at a time, apply red *Loctite*® 271 to the threads, and torque bolts to 35 ft-lb.
- •Remove the caliper center bridge pad retainer bolt, nut, and tube from the caliper. Insert the brake pads (21) into the caliper, with the friction material facing the rotor, as shown in Photo 10. Check that the top of the brake pad is flush with the outside diameter of the rotor, Photo 11. If not, adjust by adding or subtracting shims (20) between the caliper (16) and the service caliper bracket (2). After the caliper pad height is set, torque the caliper lock nuts (17) to 30 ft-lb. Secure the brake pads in place with the center bridge pad retainer tube, bolt, and locknut, Photo 12. The locknut should be snug without play in the bolt or tube. Be cautious not to over tighten.





Photo 5

Photo 6

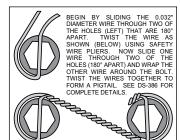
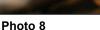




Figure 4. Safety Wire Diagram

Photo 7





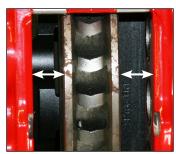


Photo 9

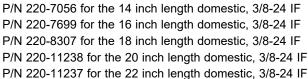






Photo 11

- •Mount the EPB caliper (22) onto the caliper mounting bracket (7) using bolts (23) and washers (24), Figure 1. Apply red *Loctite*® 271 to bolt threads, and torque to 30 ft-lb.
- •Temporarily install wheel and torque lug nuts to manufacturer's specification. Ensure that the wheel rotates freely without any interference. Remove wheel for next step.
- •NOTE: The service caliper (16) in this brake kit utilizes a 1/8-27 NPT pipe thread inlet. OEM rubber brake hoses generally cannot be adapted to Wilwood calipers. The preferred method is to use steel adapter fittings at the caliper, either straight, 45 or 90 degree (use PTFE tape on pipe threads of adapter fitting for proper sealing to caliper) and enough steel braided line to allow for full suspension travel. Carefully route hoses to prevent contact with moving suspension, brake or wheel components. NOTE: Wilwood hose kits are designed for use in many different vehicle applications and it is the installer's responsibility to properly route and ensure adequate clearance and retention for brake hose components. Wilwood offers universal brake flex line hose kits, domestic (3/8-24 IF) chassis fittings, order:



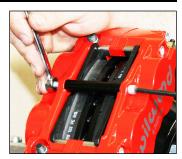


Photo 12

Hose kits include hoses, fitting, etc., all in one package for this application.

- •NOTE: Specified brake hose kits may not work with all Years, Makes and Models of vehicle that this brake kit is applicable to, due to possible OEM manufacturing changes during a production vehicle's life. It is the installer's responsibility to ensure that all fittings and hoses are the correct size and length, to ensure proper sealing and that they will not be subject to crimping, strain and abrasion from vibration or interference with suspension components, brake rotor or wheel.
- •In absence of specific instructions for brake line routing, the installer must use his best professional judgment on correct routing and retention of lines to ensure safe operation. Test vehicle brake system per the 'Minimum Test Procedure' stated within this document before driving. After road testing, inspect for leaks and interference. Initially after install and testing, perform frequent checks of the vehicle brake system and lines before driving, to confirm that there is no undue wear or interference not apparent from the initial test. Afterwards, perform periodic inspections for function, leaks and wear in a interval relative to the usage of vehicle.
- Bleed the brake system, referring to the 'Additional Information and Recommendations' on page 9 for proper bleeding instructions. Check system for leaks after bleeding.
- Install the wheel and torque lug nuts to manufacturer's specification.
- Bed-in the brake pads per the procedure on page 10.
- NOTE: For the Electronic Parking Brake wiring instructions, see DS-1353 included with this kit, or download at <a href="https://www.wilwood.com/PDF/DataSheets/ds1353.pdf">www.wilwood.com/PDF/DataSheets/ds1353.pdf</a>
- •CAUTION: After bleeding and bedding the brakes per the brake kit installation instructions, carefully test the holding power of the parking brakes. Test parking brake in a safe area, first on a flat surface by pushing on the vehicle, then on a slight incline followed by a steeper incline. Refer to 'Warning Electric Parking Brake' information on last page of this document.

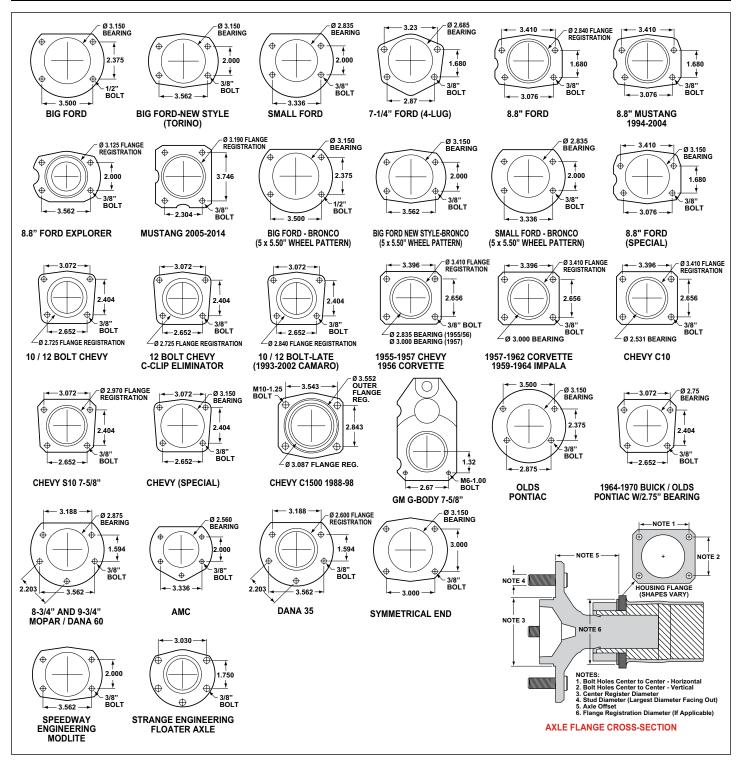


Figure 5. Rear Housing Flange Chart and Axle Flange / Offset Cross-Section

#### **Additional Information and Recommendations**

- •Fill and bleed the new system with Wilwood Hi-Temp° 570 grade fluid or higher. For severe braking or sustained high heat operation, use Wilwood EXP 600 Plus Racing Brake Fluid. Used fluid must be completely flushed from the system to prevent contamination.

  \*\*NOTE: Silicone DOT 5 brake fluid is NOT recommended for racing or performance driving.
- •To properly bleed the brake system, begin with the caliper farthest from the master cylinder. Bleed the outboard bleed screw first, then the inboard. Repeat the procedure until all calipers in the system are bled, ending with the caliper closest to the master cylinder.

  \*NOTE: When using a new master cylinder, it is important to bench bleed the master cylinder first.
- •If the master cylinder is mounted lower than the disc brake calipers, some fluid flowback to the master cylinder reservoir may occur, creating a vacuum effect that retracts the caliper pistons into the housing. This will cause the pedal to go to the floor on the first stroke until it has "pumped up" and moved all the pistons out against the pad again. A Wilwood in-line two pound residual pressure valve, installed near the master cylinder will stop the fluid flowback and keep the pedal firm and responsive.
- •Test the brake pedal. It should be firm, not spongy and stop at least 1 inch from the floor under heavy load. If the brake pedal is spongy, bleed the system again.

If the brake pedal is initially firm, but then sinks to the floor, check the system for fluid leaks. Correct the leaks (if applicable) and then bleed the system again.

If the brake pedal goes to the floor and continued bleeding of the system does not correct the problem, a master cylinder with increased capacity (larger bore diameter) will be required. Wilwood offers various lightweight master cylinders with large fluid displacement capacities.

- •NOTE: With the installation of after market disc brakes, the wheel track may change depending on the application. Check your wheel offset before final assembly.
- •If after following the instructions, you still have difficulty in assembling or bleeding your Wilwood disc brakes, consult your local chassis builder, or retailer where the kit was purchased for further assistance.

#### **Brake Testing**

## WARNING • DO NOT DRIVE ON UNTESTED BRAKES BRAKES MUST BE TESTED AFTER INSTALLATION OR MAINTENANCE MINIMUM TEST PROCEDURE

- Make sure pedal is firm: Hold firm pressure on pedal for several minutes, it should remain in position without sinking. If pedal sinks toward floor, check system for fluid leaks. DO NOT drive vehicle if pedal does not stay firm or can be pushed to the floor with normal pressure.
- At very low speed (2-5 mph) apply brakes hard several times while turning steering from full left to full right, repeat several times. Remove the wheels and check that components are not touching, rubbing, or leaking.
- Carefully examine all brake components, brake lines, and fittings for leaks and interference.
- Make sure there is no interference with wheels or suspension components.
- Drive vehicle at low speed (15-20 mph) making moderate and hard stops. Brakes should feel normal and positive. Again check for leaks and interference.
- Always test vehicle in a safe place where there is no danger to (or from) other people or vehicles.
- Always wear seat belts and make use of all safety equipment.

#### Pad and Rotor Bedding

#### BEDDING STEPS FOR NEW PADS AND ROTORS - ALL COMPOUNDS

Once the brake system has been tested and determined safe to operate the vehicle, follow these steps for the bedding of all new pad materials and rotors. These procedures should only be performed on a race track, or other safe location where you can safely and legally obtain speeds up to 65 MPH, while also being able to rapidly decelerate.

- •Begin with a series of light decelerations to gradually build some heat in the brakes. Use an on-and-off the pedal technique by applying the brakes for 3-5 seconds, and then allow them to fully release for a period roughly twice as long as the deceleration cycle. If you use a 5 count during the deceleration interval, use a 10 count during the release to allow the heat to sink into the pads and rotors.
- •After several cycles of light stops to begin warming the brakes, proceed with a series of medium to firm deceleration stops to continue raising the temperature level in the brakes.
- •Finish the bedding cycle with a series of 8-10 hard decelerations from 55-65 MPH down to 25 MPH while allowing a proportionate release and heat-sinking interval between each stop. The pads should now be providing positive and consistent response.
- •If any amount of brake fade is observed during the bed-in cycle, immediately begin the cool down cycle.
- •Drive at a moderate cruising speed, with the least amount of brake contact possible, until most of the heat has dissipated from the brakes. Avoid sitting stopped with the brake pedal depressed to hold the car in place during this time. Park the vehicle and allow the brakes to cool to ambient air temperature.

#### **COMPETITION VEHICLES**

- •If your race car is equipped with brake cooling ducts, blocking them will allow the pads and rotors to warm up quicker and speed up the bedding process.
- •Temperature indicating paint on the rotor and pad edges can provide valuable data regarding observed temperatures during the bedding process and subsequent on-track sessions. This information can be highly beneficial when evaluating pad compounds and cooling efficiencies.

#### **POST-BEDDING INSPECTION – ALL VEHICLES**

•After the bedding cycle, the rotors should exhibit a uniformly burnished finish across the entire contact face. Any surface irregularities that appear as smearing or splotching on the rotor faces can be an indication that the brakes were brought up to temperature too quickly during the bedding cycle. If the smear doesn't blend away after the next run-in cycle, or if chatter under braking results, sanding or resurfacing the rotors will be required to restore a uniform surface for pad contact.

#### PRE-RACE WARM UP

•Always make every effort to get heat into the brakes prior to each event. Use an on-and-off the pedal practice to warm the brakes during the trip to the staging zone, during parade laps before the flag drops, and every other opportunity in an effort to build heat in the pads and rotors. This will help to ensure best consistency, performance, and durability from your brakes.

#### **DYNO BEDDED COMPETITION PADS AND ROTORS**

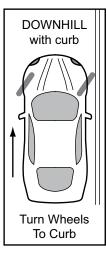
•Getting track time for a proper pad and rotor bedding session can be difficult. Wilwood offers factory dyno-bedded pads and rotors on many of our popular competition pads and **Spec 37** GT series rotors. Dyno-bedded parts are ready to race on their first warm up cycle. This can save valuable time and effort when on-track time is either too valuable or not available at all, Dyno-bedding assures that your pads and rotors have been properly run-in and are ready to go. Contact your dealer or the factory for more information on Wilwood Dyno-Bedding services.

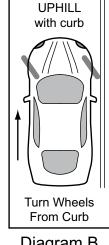
**NOTE:** NEVER allow the contact surfaces of the pads or rotors to be contaminated with brake fluid. Always use a catch bottle with a hose to prevent fluid spill during all brake bleeding procedures.

#### Parking Brake

#### WARNING • ELECTRIC PARKING BRAKE

- The holding ability of the brake should be tested by stopping on a sloping surface and applying the parking brake while holding car with the hydraulic foot brake. This should be accomplished both facing up and down hill.
- · Do not rely exclusively on the parking brake to hold the car; Curb wheels as recommended by the applicable diagram and put gear selector in park, or shift into first gear or reverse with a manual transmission.
- Diagram A When parking facing downhill, turn front wheels towards the curb or right shoulder. This will keep from rolling into traffic if the brakes become disengaged.
- Diagram B Turn the steering wheel to the left so the wheels are turned towards the road if you are facing uphill with a curb. The tires will catch the curb if the car rolls backward.
- Diagram C When facing uphill without a curb, turn the wheels sharply to the right. If the vehicle rolls, it will go off the road rather than into traffic.
- · When parking on a hill, always set the parking brake and move the gear selector into park, or shift into first or reverse gear if your vehicle has a manual transmission.





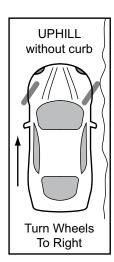


Diagram A

Diagram B

Diagram C

#### **Connect with Wilwood**

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#### **Associated Components**

Wilwood Residual Pressure Valve (2 lb for disc brakes) Wilwood Residual Pressure Valve (10 lb for drum brakes) Wilwood Proportioning Valve, Knob Style Wilwood Proportioning Valve, Lever Style Wilwood Combination Proportioning Valve with Brake Light Switch Wilwood Racing Brake Fluid (Hi-Temp° 570) (12 oz) Wilwood Racing Brake Fluid (EXP 600 Plus) (16.9 oz) Wilwood Racing Brake Pedal (with balance bar) Wilwood Swing Mount Brake Pedal (with balance bar) Wilwood Swing Mount Brake Pedal (with balance bar) Wilwood 3/4 inch High Volume Aluminum Master Cylinder Wilwood 7/8 inch High Volume Aluminum Master Cylinder Wilwood 1 inch High Volume Aluminum Master Cylinder Wilwood 1 inch Aluminum Tandem Chamber Master Cylinder Wilwood 1 inch Aluminum Tandem Chamber Master Cylinder	PART NO.
260-8419Wilwood Proportioning Valve, Knob Style260-8420Wilwood Proportioning Valve, Lever Style260-11179Wilwood Combination Proportioning Valve with Brake Light Switch290-0632Wilwood Racing Brake Fluid (Hi-Temp° 570) (12 oz)290-6209Wilwood Racing Brake Fluid (EXP 600 Plus) (16.9 oz)340-13831Wilwood Floor Mount Brake Pedal (with balance bar)340-13832Wilwood Swing Mount Brake Pedal (with balance bar)260-6764Wilwood 3/4 inch High Volume Aluminum Master Cylinder260-6765Wilwood 7/8 inch High Volume Aluminum Master Cylinder260-6766Wilwood 1 inch High Volume Aluminum Master Cylinder260-48931-1/16 inch Tandem Master Cylinder (aluminum housing)260-8555Wilwood 1 inch Aluminum Tandem Chamber Master Cylinder	<u>260-13706</u>
Wilwood Proportioning Valve, Lever Style Wilwood Combination Proportioning Valve with Brake Light Switch Wilwood Racing Brake Fluid (Hi-Temp° 570) (12 oz) Wilwood Racing Brake Fluid (EXP 600 Plus) (16.9 oz) Wilwood Floor Mount Brake Pedal (with balance bar) Wilwood Swing Mount Brake Pedal (with balance bar) Wilwood Swing Mount Brake Pedal (with balance bar) Wilwood 3/4 inch High Volume Aluminum Master Cylinder Wilwood 7/8 inch High Volume Aluminum Master Cylinder Wilwood 1 inch High Volume Aluminum Master Cylinder Wilwood 1 inch Tandem Master Cylinder (aluminum housing) Wilwood 1 inch Aluminum Tandem Chamber Master Cylinder	<u>260-13707</u>
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260-8556 Wilwood 1-1/8 inch Aluminum Tandem Chamber Master Cylinder	<u>260-8555</u>
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220-7056 Stainless Steel Braided Flexline Kit, Universal, 14 Inch, Domestic, 3/8-24 IF	<u>220-7056</u>
220-7699 Stainless Steel Braided Flexline Kit, Universal, 16 Inch, Domestic, 3/8-24 IF	<u>220-7699</u>
220-8307 Stainless Steel Braided Flexline Kit, Universal, 18 Inch, Domestic, 3/8-24 IF	<u>220-8307</u>